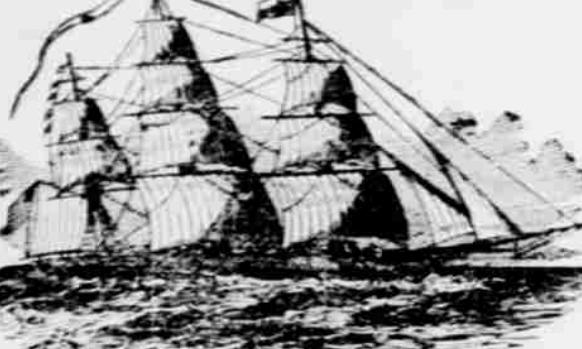


**THE PACIFIC
Commercial Advertiser.**

TEN DAYS LATER!



SECESSION A FIXED FACT!

THE SOUTHERN CONFEDERACY!

President and Vice President Chosen.

Eight States Seceded!

By the arrival of the bark *Zoe*, on Sunday, 16 days from San Francisco, and the *Comet* last evening, 14 days passage, we have received two weeks later advice from the United States, conveying important news, an abstract of which will be found below.

They do not bring the Eastern Mails, as the steamer which had the mail of Feb. 1, had not arrived upon the day of leaving. The mail had then been 34 days out.

Pacific Side.

Dr. Fricke's newspaper, *Le Monde*, has been suspended for want of support. The Dr. says he has some business more important to attend to.

Most are NATURALIZED.—Placards are said to have been posted up in the corners of the streets in San Francisco, stating that all natives of South Carolina, wishing to practice law in that city, must become citizens of the U.S., or leave the country.

A Committee of three Alabama deputies was appointed to inquire and report on what terms suitable buildings in Montgomery, for the use of the several executive departments of the Confederacy under the Provisional Government, could be obtained.

An ordinance was passed in Congress in force, until repealed or altered by the Southern Congress, or laws of the United States in force on the 1st of November last. It is understood that under this law, a tariff will be laid on all goods brought from the United States.

The formation of a Provisional Government by the Cotton States, opens up an entirely new field for speculation, which we will not enter upon to-day. Since the formation of the present troubles, few, indeed, have given any attention in the literal acceptance of the term, that is to say, the name of "Confederacy," to the South for the purpose of subjugating that portion of the Republic. Our government is based on the concept of the governed, and after the South had been reduced, if such were possible, it would puzzle us extremely to determine what ought to be done with it afterwards. The enforcement of the revenue laws, by the agents of the U.S. will, however, continue, and could not lead to bloodshed, for the South has no vessels of war to precipitate a collision.

It is possible, however, that the formation of a Provisional Government by the Cotton States will facilitate negotiation. As matters stood some weeks ago, there was no possibility of entering upon that line of policy, which, however, is now open to the South, and through the whole of the Gulf States. Secession is now concentrated, and we all know the point at which the batteries of conservatism, of nationality, of all that man in his collective capacity, holds dear, shall be directed. Heretofore everything was dissipated and scattered—now we have something tangible with which to deal.—*Alta.*

A PACIFIC INSURANCE COMPANY IN SAN FRANCISCO.—A Mutual Insurance Company has been organized in San Francisco, with two thousand all wealthy men, and a capital of \$500,000, in shares of \$100 each.

No MAIL.—The Pacific post office, which Mr. Post was also one of the oldest members, will follow the body to the grave.

Mr. MAILED.—Mr. Colfax, in the U.S. House of Representatives, called in his bill to suspend the mail service in the receiving States, which, after debate, was passed by 121 against 25.

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President Davis has telegraphed to Col. Hayne, urging him not to precipitate matters relative to Fort Sumter. What action South Carolina may take, has not transpired. The impression is, they will turn over their rights to the new Southern government, though correspondence predict an attack on Fort Sumter.

ALEX. H. STEPHENS, who was elected Vice President of the Southern Republic, at Montgomery, made a speech, congratulating the people upon the formation of a new confederacy.

MORE GOVERNMENT PROPERTY SEIZED.—The Mint and Custom House at New Orleans, and the Revenue Cutter *Louisiana*, at Mobile, have been seized by the State and Federal authorities. The master is made the subject of a special meeting of the Cabinet. There was \$120,000 in the Mint.

Death of G. B. Post.—We regret to record the death of Mr. G. B. Post, who died yesterday (Feb. 20) morning in this city, after a protracted illness. The funeral will take place to-day at noon, from Grace Church, and will be attended by Templar Lodge No. 17, and the Fellows, of which deceased was a member. The Fellow who died, which Post was also one of the oldest members, will follow the body to the grave.

The Company will be dressed in plain clothes, with mounting badges, in token of respect to the memory of the departed. Mr. Post was the last surviving member of the famous firm of Post & Co., which, during its firm and successful history, from San Francisco, dates up to within a few years back, when its failure took me by surprise. The other members of the firm were: Joseph A. Post, who committed suicide several months ago, and George B. Upton, who died of softening of the brain, some years since, in the Atlantic States. For a long time, G. B. Post & Company took the lead in all the public works of our country. They made contributions for charitable purposes; the full tide of success flowed in upon them, and they were outcome by none in their good deeds, public spirit, and abounding generosity. But the day of reverses came, and, after struggling almost hopelessly against fate, until after another of the house had dropped away, until now one of its members remains. See in the *Alta* the full history of adventure and business in California.—*Alta.*

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The Peace Conference Committee have various plans under consideration, but the indications are that the Border States will not be included, and most favorable is the general opinion is that the Conference will adopt some such plan, including the division of the Territory by the line of 36°, north of which slavery will be prohibited—south of it, to be determined by the people, without Congressional or other legislative interference.

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The twenty-five million loan bill has been approved by the President. Bankers at the North manifest a disposition not to take the loan unless the difficulties are settled.

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The returns of the Tennessee election indicate strong support of the Union party for the Convention of that State. The New Government loan has passed the House.

The ADDRESS OF KANSAS.—The free State of Kansas is now in the Union. This is a great Republican triumph. It increases the free State vote in the U.S. Senate, from 36 to 38, and the Republican vote from 34 to 44, including that of the President. This gives the control of the Senate, though all the Southern States south of South Carolina return.

AMONG THE LAST FAILURES IN NEW YORK is that of Cyrus W. Field, whose assets, it is said, will pay less than twenty cents on the dollar. He never recovered from the Atlantic cable speculation.—The commercial and the scientific world will regret to hear this, for neither had it in a more enterprising and useful work.

WANTED.—A GREAT MAN!—The *Toronto Globe*, in the course of an article upon Secession, has this paragraph:

"If America has got any great man, now is the time to appear. The curtain is up; the orchestra is grinding through the last scene of the operetta, and every reader played; the 'tune' is flat, fit to burst; the 'melody' is wanting; the 'sister,' the 'star,' the hero of the piece. If he comes not soon, there will be a 'row.' The benches will be torn up, the big drum will be burst, the gilded chandeliers and winged cupids will be snatched to atoms—the Union will be dissolved."

Rumors are abroad [Washington, Feb. 10th], relating to some new scheme for resuming the Tennessee route to California. It is said that several millions of capital have already been subscribed in New York.

At a dinner at the President's given to the Judges of the Supreme Court, Chief Justice Taney remarked that he should administer the oath of office to Mr. Lincoln, if he was obliged to go to Springfield to do so.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Feb. 11.

DEPARTURE OF THE PRESIDENT ELECT FOR WASHINGTON.—Mr. Lincoln, with his lady, and a large crowd, left the hotel at 7:30 A. M., for the Great Western Railroad Depot, where perhaps, a thousand people were assembled to bid him farewell. After very many had taken him by the hand, and he had partaken with Mr. Lincoln, he took his stand on the platform of the car, where he made a short and affecting speech.

When he concluded, three cheers were given. There was no parade of any kind. Mr. Lincoln spoke as follows:

My Friends—No one, not in my position, can ap-

preciate the sadness I feel at this parting. To those people I owe all that I am. Here, I have lived more than a quarter of a century. Here, my children were born—here, one of them is buried. I know not how soon I shall see you again. A duty devolves upon me, which is perhaps greater than that which has devolved upon any man since the day of Washington. He never wavered, nor faltered, except in all of Divine Providence, upon which heat all these evils, I feel that I cannot succeed with the same Divine aid which sustained him, and in the Almighty Being places my reliance for support. I hope you, my friends, will pray that I may receive Divine assistance, without which I could not go on, but with which, success is certain. Again I bid you all an affectionate farewell. [Lord applauds, and cries out, we will pray for you.]"

During the speech Mr. Lincoln betrayed much emotion, and the crowd was affected to tears. The train left precisely at 8 o'clock.

From the *Alta* and *Bulletin*, we gather the following summary of the latest Pony Express news:

EIGHT STATES SECDED FROM THE UNION FOR THE PURPOSE OF FORMING A SOUTHERN CONFEDERACY. They consist of South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, Texas, and Arkansas.

THE STATES WHICH HAVE BEEN DELEGATES TO A SOUTHERN CONFEDERACY, are those of South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, Texas, and Arkansas.

UNUSUAL INTEREST WAS manifested in the proceedings of the Southern Congress to-day, [Montgomery, Feb. 11th]. The hall of the Convention and gallery were crowded. The opening number presented a beautiful model flag, made by the ladies of the Convention.

It has a blue cross and a red field, and seven stars. It was highly finished. He also presented another model flag, by a gentleman of Charleston. It has a cross and fifteen stars on a field of stripes. A Committee was appointed to report a flag and seal, and a coat of arms and motto for the Southern Confederacy.

Hon. Jeff. Davis was then elected President, and Hon. Alex. H. Stephens, of Georgia, Vice President of the Southern Confederacy. The vote was unanimous.

The President has been directed to appoint Commissioners on foreign affairs, on Finance, on Military Affairs, and on War.

A Committee of three Alabama deputies was appointed to inquire and report on what terms suitable buildings in Montgomery, for the use of the several executive departments of the Confederacy under the Provisional Government, could be obtained.

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SO much for the *political* of the proposed new Government. The doctrine of these gentlemen does not leave us entirely without hope. The fact that Mr. Stephens is a Virginian, and Vice President of the Confederacy, is a decided advantage.

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A resolution was adopted authorizing the appointment of commissioners to report a Constitution for the permanent government of the Confederacy.

The Congress was about two hours in session, and the proceedings were conducted openly.

A salute of 100 guns was fired in New Orleans, in honor of the President and Vice President of the Southern Confederacy.

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